Matters Addressed at the Hamaoka Nuclear Power Station in Light of the Tohoku-Pacific Ocean Earthquake



Area of compound height T.P.+8 m
Area of compound height T.P.+6 m
Hill behind power station T.P.+20 m or more
Sand dunes, etc. T.P.+12 m or more
Sand dunes, hill behind power station T.P.+10 m or more
Sand dunes, etc. T.P.+5 m or more

Responses in Light of the Fukushima Nuclear Power Station Incident

Countermeasures Against Tsunami Flooding Within the Compound

[Purpose] Seek to increase tolerance with respect to tsunami (prevent flooding inside power station compound by tsunamis). [Content of Implementation] Emplace seawalls made of concrete at least T.P.+12 m in height on portions of the back and side surfaces of sand dunes on the ocean side of the power station.



Conceptual Image of Seawall

[Conceptual Image of Increased Tolerance with Respect to Tsunamis]

Countermeasures Against Projected Tsunami Flooding Within the Compound

Emplacement of Waterproof Barrier in Seawater Pump Area

[Purpose] Prevent the submersion under water of seawater pumps installed outdoors and secure the seawater required to cool the nuclear reactor, etc. (Fukushima Daiichi: Function was lost due to submersion of seawater pumps by

the tsunami)

[Content of Implementation] Surround the pumps with enclosures made of sheet metal approximately 1.5 m high and 8 cm thick.

Secure Spares for Seawater Pump Motors

[Purpose] Shorten the time when seawater pump motors are unable to function because of water exposure and secure the seawater necessary to cool the nuclear reactor, etc.

(Fukushima Daini: Motors were air-shipped from the manufacturer's plant) [Content of Implementation] Secure spares for seawater pump motors. Spares for Units No. 3 and No. 4 have been secured, and that for Unit No. 5 is being arranged.

Confirmed the Soundness of Waterproof Doors and Reinforced Their Reliability

[Purpose] Prevent the submersion in water of diesel generators and other such equipment inside the reactor buildings and secure the power supplies and equipment required to cool the nuclear reactor, etc.

(Fukushima Daiichi: Seawater flooding the reactor building interior caused loss of function of diesel generators)

[Content of Implementation] Soundness of waterproof doors was verified. Approaches to reinforce reliability will be considered.



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Conceptual Image of Waterproof Barrier Emplacement



Seawater pump motor

Measures for Emergency Readiness

Securing Generator Vehicles, Portable Generators, Securing Backup Storage **Batteries**

[Purpose] In preparation for conditions in which external power sources and diesel generators cannot be used, extend the period of use of storage batteries to power nuclear reactor cooling systems.

(Fukushima Daiichi: Loss of DC power source caused loss of the nuclear reactor cooling function.)

[Content of Implementation] Two generator vehicles and three portable generators have been secured as power sources for battery charging equipment. Spare storage batteries will be secured in the future.

Emplacement of Emergency Power Supplies

[Purpose] In preparation for conditions in which external power sources and diesel generators cannot be used, rapidly provide power sources for emergency core cooling systems and other such equipment and facilities.

(Fukushima Daiichi: It required a long time to bring in new outside power sources.) [Content of Implementation] Emergency diesel generators will be installed on high ground within the power station compound where they will not be affected by a tsunami.



Secure Spaces for Emergency Core Cooling Systems, etc.

[Purpose] Secure the necessary spares to prepare for the eventuality of failure of equipment required to cool the nuclear reactor, etc., and thus prevent loss of cooling of the nuclear reactor, etc., for an extended period of time. (Fukushima Daiichi: Malfunction of equipment in the emergency core cooling systems has not been confirmed.) [Content of Implementation] The necessary spares for emergency core cooling systems, equipment cooling systems, seawater systems, and other such equipment will be secured. On the assumption that seawater pumps that are installed outdoors will be difficult to approach after a tsunami, replacement submersible pumps will be secured for backup. • Set up Storehouse for Emergency Equipment and Materials

[Purpose] Store the spares and backup equipment above in a dedicated storehouse so they can be put to use rapidly in case of emergency. [Content of Implementation] A dedicated storehouse will be emplaced on high ground within the power station compound where it will not be affected by tsunamis.

Implement and Reinforce Emergency Preparedness Training

[Purpose] Training in emergency countermeasures adapted to the actual circumstances of their implementation will be conducted and efforts will be made to further improve response capabilities.

[Content of Implementation] On the assumption that damage (loss of electric power supply, loss of seawater pump function, etc.) will be caused by a tsunami, training will be implemented on-site and by simulation with attention to the below points. Areas for improvement found through training will also be applied promptly.

- Training in prompt restoration of electric power supply (training in splicing in power using generator vehicles and other such equipment, drafting plans to bring in outside power sources, etc.)

- Training in restoration of malfunctioning equipment, including replacement with spares - Training in emergency operations for replacement water infusion to the nuclear reactor and spent fuel pool, containment vessel venting, seawater infusion, and other such procedures



Generator vehicles



Storage batteries

